

Chubb Pension Plan (“the Plan”)

Chair’s statement regarding the governance of defined contribution arrangements

Scheme year - 1 April 2022 to 31 March 2023

1. Introduction

- 1.1. This statement has been prepared by the Trustees of the Chubb Pension Plan (“the Trustees”) to report on compliance with governance standards introduced under The Occupational Pension Schemes (Charges and Governance) Regulations 2015 (“the Regulations”), and subsequently amended by The Occupational Pension Schemes (Administration and Disclosure) (Amendment) Regulations 2018.
- 1.2. The governance standards apply to defined contribution (DC) arrangements and are designed to help members achieve good outcomes from their pension savings.
- 1.3. This statement covers the scheme year 1 April 2022 to 31 March 2023. It may not, therefore, include any subsequent changes to the Plan since 31 March 2023.
- 1.4. As required by the Regulations, the Trustee will publish this Statement on a publicly accessible website. The web address for the website will be <https://chubbfs.com/uk-en/reports/>.

2. The Plan’s DC arrangements

- 2.1. The Plan’s DC arrangements comprise:
 - 2.1.1. DC benefits for some members who had short periods of membership after 5 April 1997 and who received a refund of part of their contributions. The DC benefits represent retained ‘Protected Rights’, a result of the method used by the Plan from 6 April 1997 to ‘contract out’ of the State Pension Scheme. These Protected Rights remained invested within the Plan’s defined benefit (DB) investment strategy.
 - 2.1.2. DC ‘underpin’ accounts apply for some members, under which they will receive the greater of a DB entitlement and the comparable pension that can be secured by the DC underpin account. The Trustees have been informed by the Plan’s administrator, Buck, that during the Plan year, comparable pensions that could be secured by DC underpin accounts were not expected to be greater than the DB entitlement. Benefits for these members are therefore expected to be DB in nature and are not considered further in this Statement.
 - 2.1.3. The Plan held Additional Voluntary Contribution (AVC) policies with four providers during the Plan year.

3. The Plan’s investment arrangements

- 3.1. The Plan is not used as a qualifying scheme by any sponsoring employer to meet its auto-enrolment duties on a DC basis.
- 3.2. The Plan has no default investment arrangements for the purposes of the Occupational Pension Schemes (Scheme Administration) Regulations 1996 (the “Scheme Administration Regulations”). As there is no default arrangement, the requirement for a Statement of Investment Principles (SIP) prepared in accordance with regulation 2A of the Occupational Pension Scheme (Investment) Regulations 2005 does not apply.

Overview of the Plan's investment arrangements

- 3.3. All Protected Rights benefits were invested in line with the Plan's DB investment strategy ("the Plan Portfolio"). The Plan Portfolio operates as a unitised arrangement. Units within the Plan Portfolio are valued using the market value of assets which are reported on a monthly basis.

4. Core financial transactions

- 4.1. The Trustees have a duty to ensure that 'core financial transactions' are processed promptly and accurately. For the Plan, these comprise the following:
- 4.1.1. Transfer payments out of the Plan
 - 4.1.2. Retirement/death benefit payments out of the Plan
- 4.2. As Protected Rights benefits are invested in the Plan Portfolio, there are no investment switches available to members outside those made by the Trustees. Therefore, only transfers/payments out of the Plan are relevant in terms of core financial transactions.
- 4.3. Transactions in respect of the Protected Rights benefits are undertaken on the Trustees' behalf by the administrator of the Plan, Buck.

Controls and monitoring arrangements

- 4.4. The controls in place in relation to ensuring the promptness and accuracy of core financial transactions are:
- 4.4.1. The Trustees have a Service Level Agreement (SLA) in place with Buck, both in terms of timeliness and accuracy, and reporting of performance against those service levels.
 - 4.4.2. The SLA sets out the timeline standards expected for each step of the Plan's main administration tasks, including core financial transactions. Buck aims to process at least 95% of core financial transactions within the SLAs set below:

| Core financial transaction | Service level |
|-----------------------------|-----------------|
| Transfers out of the Plan | 10 working days |
| Retirement benefit payments | 7 working days |

- 4.5. In order to monitor Buck's performance against agreed SLA's, the Trustees receive quarterly administration reports from Buck. These reports include cash flow monitoring, summaries of member transactions, reporting of service performance against the SLAs and identify any issues arising regarding administration timeliness and/or accuracy. Reports are considered and performance discussed at each Administration Sub-Committee meeting from which the outcomes of these discussions are considered at each Trustees' Meeting.
- 4.6. The controls in place in relation to the accuracy of core financial transactions are:
- 4.6.1. Internal checking procedures are applied to all processes.
 - 4.6.2. Monitoring of accuracy is undertaken via the auditing of the Plan's annual report and accounts and periodic auditing of the Plan's membership data. In addition, Buck's internal controls are subject to internal controls procedures.
- 4.7. The Trustees have reviewed the above processes and controls implemented by Buck and consider these to be suitably designed to achieve its objectives.

Performance during the scheme year

- 4.8. Following the identification of service issues by Buck as highlighted in the Trustees' statements covering the previous two Plan years, the Trustees have continued to closely monitor Buck's performance relating to core financial transactions closely. The Trustees are now satisfied that Buck's ongoing performance against SLAs have largely returned to acceptable levels although where SLA targets are being missed, the Trustees are concerned over the length of time taken by Buck to clear any backlog. Furthermore, following data cleansing exercises undertaken during the Plan year, more outstanding tasks relating to core financial transactions have been identified that the Trustees are working with Buck to resolve.
- 4.9. Buck are required to attend Quarterly Administration Sub-Committee meetings to monitor the above issues and the Trustees continue to work with Buck to improve the processing of core financial transactions, such as in relation to unclaimed benefits during the Plan year. The Trustees have agreed with Buck a framework for reducing the fees paid by the Plan to Buck where performance falls short of SLAs.

Plan AVCs

- 4.10. The AVC policies are provided by Aegon, Aviva, Phoenix Life and Standard Life. The Trustees have delegated the administrative oversight of these AVC arrangements to Buck.
- 4.11. There are no formal SLAs in place with the AVC providers, however Buck reports to the Trustees as part of the Trustees meetings with any specific issues relating to the administration of the separate AVC policies.

Trustee view of core financial transactions

- 4.12. The Trustees believe that these measures enable it to effectively monitor the promptness and accuracy of core financial transactions of the Plan's administration for its DC and AVC arrangements. Whilst acknowledging the issues experienced, due to the very low value of Protected Rights benefits during the Plan year, the Trustees are confident that all related core financial transactions over the reporting period have been processed promptly and correctly.

5. Member-borne charges and transaction costs

- 5.1. Members bear charges and transaction costs, which will differ depending on the investment options in which their pension savings are invested:
 - 5.1.1. Charges: these are expressed as a percentage of the value of a member's holdings within an investment fund, and can be made up of a combination of charges, e.g. annual management charge and additional expenses. We refer to the total annual charge as the Total Expense Ratio (TER).
 - 5.1.2. Transaction costs: these relate to the variable costs incurred within an investment fund arising from the trading activities of the fund, e.g. incurred in the buying and selling of securities, which are not accounted for in the TER charge.

Charges in relation to the Plan portfolio

- 5.2. The TER for the Plan Portfolio for the Plan year was 0.0613% p.a.
- 5.3. The additional transaction costs incurred within the Plan Portfolio over the Plan year was 0.0851% p.a.

Charges in relation to AVCs

- 5.4. The following tables provide details of the charges and transaction costs for each of the investment options provided through the AVC arrangement over the Plan year.

Aegon

| Investment option | TER (p.a.) | Transaction costs (year to 31 March 2023) | Average transaction costs (p.a.)* |
|--|------------|---|-----------------------------------|
| Aegon BlackRock LifePath Capital 2037-2039 (BLK) | 0.41% | 0.0518% | 0.0518% |
| Aegon BlackRock LifePath Capital 2031-2033 (BLK) | 0.41% | 0.0372% | 0.0386% |
| Aegon BlackRock LifePath Capital 2028-2030 (BLK) | 0.41% | 0.0563% | 0.0499% |
| Aegon BlackRock LifePath Capital 2025-2027 (BLK) | 0.41% | 0.0424% | 0.0346% |
| Aegon BlackRock LifePath Capital 2022-2024 (BLK) | 0.41% | 0.0241% | 0.0234% |
| Aegon BlackRock 50/50 Global Growth (BLK) | 0.75% | 0.1322% | 0.1675% |
| Aegon BlackRock American Flexible Equity (BLK) | 0.90% | 0.0583% | 0.1358% |
| Aegon BlackRock Balanced Growth (BLK) | 0.75% | 0.1275% | 0.1401% |
| Aegon BlackRock European Growth (BLK) | 0.90% | 0.0296% | 0.1090% |
| Aegon BlackRock Japanese Growth (BLK) | 0.90% | 0.3338% | 0.3884% |
| Aegon BlackRock Cash (BLK) | 0.33% | 0.0132% | 0.0137% |
| Aegon BlackRock Strategic Accumulation (BLK) | 0.75% | 0.1263% | 0.1636% |
| Aegon BlackRock UK Growth (BLK) | 0.75% | 0.1546% | 0.1370% |

* The statutory guidance requires trustees to disclose an average of the last five years' transaction costs (insofar as they are able). As we have data for the last four years only, the figures are four-year averages for all funds except the LifePath Capital Funds which are three-year averages in all instances except the 2037-2039 Fund which is one-year only.

Other AVC providers

5.5. Information on the other three AVC providers is summarised in the table below:

| AVC Provider | Investment option | TER (p.a.) | Transaction costs (p.a.) |
|---------------|---|---|--------------------------|
| Aviva | The Trustees have not been able to obtain any details of the costs and transaction costs incurred with the Aviva AVC arrangement. The Trustees are working with their Investment consultants to ensure this data is captured as soon as possible. | | |
| Phoenix Life | LL Pension Traditional With Profits – V1 Fund | 1% | 0.0428% |
| Standard Life | Holding account | Standard Life states that “there are currently no charges or expenses as the Plan is paid up” | |

Impact of costs and charges

5.6. To demonstrate the impact of charges and transaction costs on members' pension savings over time, the Trustees have produced illustrations and these are set out in the Appendix.

6. Disclosure of net investment returns

The Trustees are required to disclose returns, net of charges and transaction costs, for each investment strategy and fund that members are able, or were previously able, to select and in which members' assets were invested during the Plan Year. As all Plan benefits (except AVCs) are invested in line with the Plan's DB strategy. The Trustees have provided the returns of the Plan Portfolio for the Plan year. When preparing this section of the statement the Trustees have taken account of the relevant statutory guidance.

| Investment Fund | Annualised Return –1 year to 31 March 2023 | Annualised Return – 3 years to 31 March 2023 | Annualised Return – 5 years to 31 March 2023 |
|-----------------|--|--|--|
| Plan Portfolio | -19.5% | -3.7% | -1.4% |

7. Value for members

The Trustees are required to assess annually the extent to which the charges and transaction costs borne by members represent good value. These member-borne deductions cover the cost of providing the investment management services for the Protected Rights funds and also the administration services and communications for the AVC provider. Regulations require the Trustees to assess the extent to which the Plan provides value for members.

- 7.1. The Trustees governance of the Plan Portfolio is supported by Barnett Waddingham as Investment Consultant and subject to Investment Monitoring and Operational Governance Reports.
- 7.2. Barnett Waddingham report directly to the Trustees on the performance of the Plan Portfolio.
- 7.3. The Trustees were satisfied with the performance of the Plan Portfolio during the Plan year. Having considered the charges the members bear, the Trustees believe that this represents good value for its members, although it notes that administrative difficulties continued somewhat during the Plan year.

8. Trustee knowledge and understanding

The Trustee Board

- 8.1. The Trustee Board comprises six trustee directors, two of whom are nominated by the members.
- 8.2. One of the appointed trustee directors, Brian McGowan, is the chair.

Trustee knowledge and understanding requirements

- 8.3. Trustees are required to be conversant with the Plan's main documents, and have appropriate knowledge and understanding of the law relating to pensions and trusts, the funding of occupational pension plans and investment of Plan assets and other matters to enable them to exercise their functions as trustees properly. This requirement is underpinned by guidance in the Pension Regulator's Code of Practice 07. The comments in this section relate to the Trustees as a body in dealing with the whole Plan and are not restricted to DC benefits.

Approach

- 8.4. The Trustees have put in place arrangements for ensuring that they take personal responsibility for keeping themselves up-to-date with relevant developments and carry out a self-assessment of training needs to

identify knowledge gaps and training needs in relation to emerging legislation, Plan changes and upcoming matters in the Plan's business plan.

- 8.5. The Secretary to the Trustees reviews the self-assessments and arranges for training to be made available to individual Trustees or to the full Trustee body as appropriate.
- 8.6. All of the existing Trustees have completed the Pension Regulator's Trustee Toolkit and new Trustees are required to complete this within six months of taking up office. During the year no new Trustees were appointed during the Plan year.
- 8.7. The Trustee appointment & removal policy was updated during the Plan year, formally documenting the induction process for new trustees. The new process includes sessions with the Trustees' legal, actuarial and investment advisers, as well as the Secretary to the Trustees.
- 8.8. In addition, the Trustees receive advice from with professional advisers as and when required, for example on consultancy, investment, and legal matters. The professional advisers are engaged to pro-actively alert the Trustees on relevant changes to pension and trust law. Professional advisers also provide support in relation to understanding and reviewing the Plan's documents, attending trustee meetings and often in the delivery of training at these meetings. The relevant skills and experience of those advisers is a key criterion when evaluating advisor performance or selecting new advisers.
- 8.9. The Trustees aim to remain conversant with the Plan's Trust Deed & Rules and the following Trust documents and policies, having reviewed them in the Plan year:
 - 8.9.1. Statement of Investment Principles (SIP)
 - 8.9.2. General Data Protection Regulation Law & Breach Register
 - 8.9.3. Privacy Notice
 - 8.9.4. Trustee Appointment & Removal process
 - 8.9.5. Terms of Reference for each of the Administration, Legislative Compliance and Pensioner Buy-in & Data Cleanse Sub-Committees
 - 8.9.6. Conflicts of Interest Policy
 - 8.9.7. Internal Dispute Resolution Procedure
 - 8.9.8. Training policy and log
 - 8.9.9. Whistleblowing and Breach Notification Policy
 - 8.9.10. Objectives for investment advisers
 - 8.9.11. Trust Deed & Rules (following legal advice on benefit specification)

Activities over the Plan year

- 8.10. The Trustees received the following training from their professional advisers and service providers during the Plan year:
 - 8.10.1. Pension Dashboard Regulations
 - 8.10.2. Longevity risk mitigation and insurance transactions
 - 8.10.3. Taxation and inflationary pressures
 - 8.10.4. Climate change guidance
 - 8.10.5. State Pension Age
 - 8.10.6. Finance Act 2022

- 8.10.7. Reporting on Stewardship
- 8.10.8. VFM developments in DC schemes
- 8.10.9. Scam warnings
- 8.10.10. Equality, Diversity & Inclusion
- 8.10.11. Collective DC Legislation
- 8.11. During the period covered by this statement, the Trustees undertook a review and received professional advice on the following aspects of DC Plan governance:
 - 8.11.1. Effective System of Governance
 - 8.11.2. Pension Dashboard readiness
 - 8.11.3. Investing for Buy-out
 - 8.11.4. Bulk Annuity Buy-in
 - 8.11.5. Benefit Specification
 - 8.11.6. The calculation that determines the benefits payable for DB members with a DC Underpin

Assessment

- 8.12. The Trustees consider that their combined knowledge and understanding, together with their access to professional advice, enables them to properly and effectively exercise their trustee functions in the following ways:
 - 8.12.1. The Trustees are able to challenge and question advisers, service providers and other parties effectively
 - 8.12.2. The Trustees decisions are made in accordance with the Plan rules and in line with trust law duties
 - 8.12.3. The Trustees decisions are not compromised by such things as conflicts or hospitality arrangements

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 Brian McGowan, Chair of the Trustees

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 Date

Appendix – Illustrations on the impact of cost and charges

A1.1. To demonstrate the impact of member-borne charges and transaction costs on the value of members' pension savings, the Trustees have produced illustrations in accordance with statutory guidance. These show the impact of charges and transaction costs for representative cross-sections of the Plan membership. For the illustration, the savings pot has been projected twice; firstly to allow for the assumed investment return gross of the costs and charges of the fund the member is invested in and then again, but adjusted for the cumulative effect of the costs and charges of the fund.

Parameters used for the illustrations

A1.2. To determine the parameters used in the illustration, the Trustees have analysed the members invested relevant to the reporting period of this statement and ensured that the illustration takes into account the following:

- A1.2.1. Protected Rights funds are fully invested in the Plan Portfolio.
- A1.2.2. Using the median pot size of those who hold Protected Rights funds as a representative pot size.
- A1.2.3. The approximate duration that the youngest member using the Plan Portfolio would take to reach Normal Retirement Age ("NRA").
- A1.2.4. The Trustees have determined not to include any illustrations for AVCs as it would be disproportionately burdensome given the amounts of money held in each of the individual AVC funds.

The Plan Portfolio

| Years of membership | Age: 40 Starting pot size £3,000 | |
|---------------------|-------------------------------------|--------|
| 0 | £3,000 | £3,000 |
| 1 | £2,982 | £2,978 |
| 3 | £2,948 | £2,935 |
| 5 | £2,913 | £2,892 |
| 10 | £2,829 | £2,789 |
| 15 | £2,747 | £2,688 |
| 20 | £2,668 | £2,592 |
| 25 | £2,590 | £2,499 |

A1.3. Note on how to read this table: If a Protected Rights member had £3,000 invested in the Plan Portfolio on 31 March 2023, when they came to retire in 10 years, the savings pot could reduce to £2,829 in today's terms if no charges are applied or to £2,789 in today's terms with charges applied.

- A1.3.1. Projected pension pot values are shown in today's terms, and do not need to be reduced further for the effect of future inflation. It is for this reason some funds show negative real growth.
- A1.3.2. Inflation is assumed to be 2.5% each year
- A1.3.3. No further contributions are assumed to be paid
- A1.3.4. Values shown are estimates and are not guaranteed
- A1.3.5. Charges for the Plan Portfolio used in the illustration are those outlined in this statement

- A1.3.6. The projected growth rates for the Plan Portfolio is 1.90% p.a. which is in line with those produced for the Plan's Statutory Money Purchase Illustrations (SMPI)
- A1.3.7. The statutory guidance requires trustees to use an average of the last five years' transaction costs (insofar as they are able) when producing the illustrations. As we have data for the last three years only, the figures are based on three-year averages.